

1.	The position in which the body is lying face down	Prone
2.	The trunk without the head and limbs	Torso
3.	Nonstriated, involuntary muscle; it constitutes the bulk of the gastrointestinal tract and is present in nearly every organ to regulate automatic activity	Smooth muscle
4.	Blood cells that play a role in the body's immune defense mechanisms against infection; also called leukocytes.	White Blood Cells
5.	The framework that gives us our recognizable form	Skeleton
6.	The bone on the thumb side of the forearm	Radius
7.	The way to describe the sections of the abdominal cavity	Quadrants
8.	The thick skin covering the cranium, which usually bears hair	Scalp
9.	The anterior surface of the body	Ventral
10.	The windpipe; the main trunk for air passing to and from the lungs	Trachea
11.	The position in which the body is supine with the head lower than the feet	Trendelenburg
12.	Further inside the body and away from the skin	Deep
13.	The part of the nervous system that regulates functions such as digestion and sweating	Autonomic Nervous System
14.	A band of the fibrous tissue that connects bones to bone	Ligament
15.	The external, visible part of the ear	Pinna
16.	An imaginary vertical line drawn from the middle	Medial
17.	Joints that can bend and straighten but cannot rotate	Hinge joints
19.	The serous membrane covering the lungs and lining the thoracic cavity	Pleura
20.	Large medial bone of the lower leg	Tibia
21.	The white portion of the eye	Sclera
22.	A bluish-gray skin color	Cyanosis
23.	The amount of air that is exchanged with each breath	Tidal Volume
24.	The pressure that remains in the arteries during the relaxing phase of the heart's cycle when the left ventricle is at rest	Diastolic
25.	Characterized by profuse sweating	Diaphoretic